# Study of the J/ $\psi$ photoproduction at the STAR experiment

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• c and anti-c

- vector meson spin 1 and odd parity
- $m_{PDG} = 3.096 \pm 0.006 \text{ GeV/C}^2$  (Taken from Ref. [1].)
- studied decay channel
  - $J/\psi \rightarrow gamma \rightarrow e^+e^-$
  - BR: (5.97 ± 0.03)% (Taken from Ref. [1].)

J/ψ

### PHOTOPRODUCTION OF $J/\psi$



- UPC of protons at  $\sqrt{s} = 510 \text{ GeV}$
- Proton electromagnetic fields collide
  - $\rightarrow$  Flux of photons (dipole model)
  - $\rightarrow$  Fluctuate to a virtual hadronic state (dipole)
- Virtual  $q\bar{q}$  pair scatters off proton
  - $\rightarrow$  Emerges as real vector meson

### DIFFRACTIVE PROCESS

#### TWO WAY OF PHOTON INTERACTIONS



- Hadronic processes target disintegrates into new particles
- Diffractive interactions
  - Experimentally: the presence of the LRG and the presence of one or both incoming particles that remain intact after a collision and are detected by special forward detectors
  - Good and Walker (1960): Collision at high energy in which no quantum numbers are exchanged between the colliding particles
  - Bjorken (1994): Diffractive reaction is characterized by a large, nonexponentially suppressed, rapidity gap in the final state

### **GOALS OF THE ANALYSIS**

• J/ $\psi$  photoproduction in proton-proton collisions at Vs = 510 GeV

### A) CROSS SECTION

- Working towards the cross-section of J/ $\psi$  photoproduction as a function of transferred momentum |-t|



#### B) VIRTUAL PHOTON P<sub>T</sub>

- The first analysis of this type with the possibility of measuring forward protons in Roman Pots
- Exclusive photoproduction process
- $p_T \text{ of virtual photon: } p_{2,T} = (p_{J/\psi} + p_1)_T$

### WHAT AND HOW DO WE MEASURE

- $J/\psi \rightarrow e^+e^-$  in central barrel
- One proton (high  $p_T$ ) from Pomeron vertex in Roman Pots
- The other proton (low p<sub>T</sub>) from photon vertex scatters at a small angle, not measured in Roman Pots
- STAR (the Solenoidal Tracker at RHIC)
  - One of two experiments at RHIC at the Brookhaven National Laboratory
  - Used subdetectors: TCP, BEMC, BBC, RP





#### ELECTRON AND POSITRON PAIRS

- Time Projection Chamber
  - Detection and tracking
- Barrel Electromagnetic Calorimeter
  - Energy measurement



Cross-section of the STAR detector showing its beamline and subdetectors TPC, BEMC, BBC. Taken from Ref [3].

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#### PROTONS

- Beam-Beam Counter
  - Measure the interaction vertex
  - MBT in pp collisions, LRG control
- Roman Pots
  - Detection, momentum reconstruction



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#### **PROTONS**

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Scattered proton

Ref [7].



A Roman Pot vessel. Taken from Ref [6].



x-detector (silicon)

y-detector (silicon)

Inside structure of the RP detector. Taken from

Layout of the experimental set-up. Top view on the upper plot and side view on the bottom plot. The central STAR detector in the middle and the four RP stations depicted as E1, E2, W1, W2. Dipole magnets depicted as DX and D0. Taken from Ref. [5]. 8/15

### **EVENT SELECTION**

- JPsi\*HTTP trigger (100.22 mil events)
- Exactly 1 vertex
- Vertex |z| position < 100 cm
- Track selection
  - $|\eta_{BEMC}|$  of primary tracks < 1
  - |DCA(z)| < 1 cm & DCA(xy) < 1.5 cm
  - nHitsFit > 15
  - ndE/dx > 15
  - Exactly 2 tracks from the primary vertex with BEMC hits

Data from *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 510$  GeV, 2017 After all cuts – 1904 events

- Back-to-back tracks in BEMC
  - $\Delta \phi_{\text{BEMC}}$  of segment numbers = 3
- The 2 tracks are e<sup>+</sup>, e<sup>-</sup>
  - Cut  $\chi^2_{ee} = n\sigma_{e^+}^2 + n\sigma_{e^-}^2 < 3^2$
  - Additional cut  $\chi^2_{KK} > 10$ ,  $\chi^2_{\pi\pi} > 10$  and  $\chi^2_{pp} > 10$  to remove background
- $Q_{tot} = 0$  (un/like sign division)
- Exactly 1 good track in RP
- Tracks in RP in fiducial region (p<sub>x</sub> + 0.6 GeV/c)<sup>2</sup> + p<sub>y</sub><sup>2</sup> < 1.25 GeV<sup>2</sup>/c<sup>2</sup> 0.4 GeV/c < |p<sub>y</sub>| < 0.8 GeV/c p<sub>x</sub> > -0.27 GeV/c

### UNCORRECTED INVARIANT MASS



Before the RP cuts

- Unlike-sign combinations
- Like-sign combinations

After the RP cuts

- Unlike-sign combinations
- Like-sign combinations

### **UNCORRECTED INVARIANT MASS**



### MISSING P<sub>T</sub>



• Momentum conserved  $(\mathbf{p}_1 + \mathbf{p}_2 + \mathbf{p}_{J/\psi})_T = 0$ 



- $J/\psi$  and proton measured
- $p_T$  of virtual photon is the missing  $p_T$
- -  $\mathbf{p}_{2,T} = (\mathbf{p}_1 + \mathbf{p}_{J/\psi})_T$

- A: Peak at zero consistent with the exclusive process
- B: Broad structure from 0.3 GeV is consistent with non-exclusive processes



Distribution shape comparable with measurement of central exclusive production at the STAR experiment in *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 200$  GeV in 2015 despite smaller statistics (Taken from Ref. [8].)

## Thank you for your attention!

#### SUMMARY

- Analysis of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 510 \text{ GeV}$
- J/ $\psi$  photoproduction with tagged forward proton
- Applied cuts for background suppression
- J/ $\psi$  meson identified in the uncorrected invariant mass distribution
- Background consisting of like-sign pairs subtracted
- Raw yield of J/ $\psi$  calculated for data before and after RP cut
- First look at the  $p_T$  distribution of virtual photon, shape compared

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### CHECK FOR J/ $\psi$ -RP proton balance

- Interest of this analysis to check the balance between the forward proton and the reconstructed J/ $\psi$  in the central barrel
- We look for the balance in the azimuthal angle and transverse momentum
- All plots in this section
  - after RP cuts, only for mass-candidates reconstructed J/ψ
    (±3σ region based on fit result)

### $J/\psi$ -RP proton balance: azimuthal angle



- Detected proton and reconstructed J/ $\psi$  should be back-to-back
- Based on the kinematics of the collision



- From the conservation of transverse momentum  $(p_1 + p_2 + p_{J/\psi})_T = 0$
- Small- $p_T$  proton scatters at a small angle ->  $p_T$  of the virtual photon is small
- We take  $p_{1,T} \sim 0$  which gives  $p_{2,T}$  =  $-p_{J/\psi}$